USSR/General Problems of Pathology - Twors. Human Tumors.

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Abs Jur : Ref Zhur - Biol., No 2, 1959, 8357

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Author : Zakharov, Ye.I., Sidorcako, V.D.

Inst : Crimean Medical Institute

Title : Herangions of the Face

Ori; Pub : Tr. Krymsk. med. im-ta, 1957, 18, 497-502

Abstract : No abstract.

Card 1/1

BUR'TANENKO, A.V., master; SIDGRENKO, V.D., inzhener.

Simple method for locating cable damage. Elek, sta. 25 no.2:55-56
(MIRA 7:2)
P '54. (Electric cables)

KOMISSAROV, L. V.; LUNIN, G. L.; NOVIKOV, A. N.; SILORENKO, V. A.; SILORENKO, V. D.

"Physical Studies of Novo-Voronezh Atomic Power Station."

report submitted for 3rd Intl Conf on Peaceful Uses of Atomic Energy, Geneva,
31 Aug-y Sep 64.

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 03/14/2001 CIA-RDP86-00513R001550430005-8"

Soil funigator. Zashch. rast. ot vred. i bol. 9 no.8:23-24, '64.

(MRA 17:12)

1. Starshiy inzh. Yuzhno-Ukrainskoy mashinoispytatel'noy stantsii,

Knerson (for Sidorenko). 2. Starshiy agronom Yuzhno-Ukrainskoy

mashinoispytatel'noy stantsii, Kherson (for Vydryakov).

S/081/61/000/014/026/030 B105/B202

AUTHORS: Kusakov M. M., Konovalova L. A., Prokof'yeva Ye. A.,

Sidorenko V. I.

TITLE: Effect of temperature and pressure on the viscosity of

mixtures of mineral oils and organosilicon liquids

PERIODICAL: Referativnyy zhurnal. Khimiya, no. 14, 1961, 543, abstract 14M249 (Tr. 3-y Vses. konferentsii po treniyu

i iznosu v mashinakh. M., AN SSSR, v. 3, 1960, 262 - 270)

TEXT: The authors present experimental data on the viscosity of the solutions of poysiloxane liquids (PL) in mineral oils at atmospheric pressure and in the temperature interval of -50 to +60 $^{\circ}$ C as well as at

pressures of up to 3000 kg/cm 2 in the temperature interval of from +10 to +50 $^{\circ}$ C. The viscosity measurements (dynamic) at atmospheric pressure and at different temperatures were made by means of the capillary viscosimeter of the type Ubbelohde and at high pressures by means of the falling-sphere viscosimeter. The components of the mixture were mineral oils MVP and the spindle oil AU as well as ethyl- and butyl polysiloxane liquids. The Card 1/3

S/081/61/000/014/026/030 B105/B202

Effect of temperature and pressure ...

e da escentración de la composição de la contración de la contración de la contración de la contración de la c

authors give temperature curves of the viscosity of the oils MVP, AU and of three PL. An addition of PL to the oils MVP and AU improves the temperature curve of their viscosity by increasing its slope in the field of low temperatures. With simultaneous addition of PL and high-molecular thickeners to the oil, the effect of PL mainly causes an increase of the temperature slope of the viscosity temperature curve; the effect of the thickener leads to an increase of the viscosity level. The effect of PL and the thickeners becomes manifest independently. For all temperatures investigated the effect of PL is the stronger the higher the pressure. The results of the study of the piezometric dependence of the viscosity of the mixture of mineral oil and PL showed that the viscosity of the mixtures at given pressure is no additive property. The deviation of the viscosity isobars from the linearity increases with increasing pressure and with increasing difference in the piezometric coefficients of viscosity of the oil and PL. With increasing pressure and at a certain ratio of the components, the viscosity isobars of the mixtures show a certain minimum. With addition of various commercial PL to the cils, the Card 2/3

S/081/61/000/014/026/030 B105/B202

Effect of temperature and pressure ...

character of the change of the relative viscosity depends on pressure and temperature. In this case relative viscosity decreases with increasing PL content in the mixture. With increasing concentration of PL in the mineral oil the piezocoefficient of viscosity decreases. Abstracter's note: Complete translation.

Card 3/3

TERENT YEVA, Ye.M.; SANIN, P.I.; STEPANTSEVA, T.G.; KUSAKOV, M.M.; SHIMANKO, N.A.; SIDORENKO, V.I.

Synthesis and investigation of the ultraviolet absorption spectra of hydrocarbons of the 1,1-diphenylethane series. Neftekhimiia 1 no.2:141-148 Mr-Ap '61. (MIRA 15:2)

1. Institut neftekhimicheskogo sinteza AN SSSR. (Hydrocarbons-Spectra)

TOPCHIYEV, A.V.; MANEDALIYEV, G.M.; KISLINSKIY, A.N.; ILATOVSKAYA, M.A.; ANIKINA, G.N.; SIDORENKO, V.I.

Conversions of cyclopentane, dekalin and tetralin into aromatic hydrocarbons in the presence of aluminosilicates. Neftekhimiia 1 nc.2:204-212 Mr-Ap '61. (MIRA 15:2)

1. Institut neftekhimicheskogo sinteza AN SSSR. (Hydrocarbons) (Aluminosilicates)

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SHIMANKO, N.A.; POKROVSKAYA, Ye.S.; SIDORENKO, V.I.

Synthesis and ultraviolet absorption spectra of decylxylenes, decylmesitylene, and cyclopentyldecyl-p-xylene. Neftekhimia 1 no.3:297-304 My-Je '61. (MIRA 16:11)

1. Institut neftekhimicheskogo sinteza AN SSSR.

s/048/62/026/010/006/013 B117/B186

AUTHORS:

Shimanko, N. A., Shishkina, M. V., Kusakov, M. M., and

Sidorenko, V. I.

TITLE:

Absorption spectra of diphenyl alkane series of chydrocarbons in

the near ultraviolet

PERIODICAL: Akademiya nauk SSSR. Izvestiya. Seriya fizicheskaya,

v. 26, no. 10, 1962, 1252-1256

TEXT: Absorption spectra of isooctane solutions of several polycyclic aromatic and naphthene-aromatic hydrocarbons, C14 - C32, with isolated benzene rings, were examined at room temperature using an "Uvispek" spectrophotometer, the compounds being as synthesized by Ye. M. Terent'yeva et al. (Neftekhimiya, 1, no. 2, 141 (1961)), M. G. Rudenko and Al. A. Petrov (Zh. prikl. khimii. 34, 613 (1961)). All the spectra except that of 1,1-diphenyl ethane were obtained for the first time (Figs. 1-4). It is shown that the spectra of hydrocarbons belonging to the 1,1-diphenyl ethane series can be well simulated by adding the absorption spectrum of monosubstituted benzene to that of the corresponding polysubstituted benzene.

Card 1/6 Z

Absorption spectra of diphenyl ...

S/048/62/026/010/006/013 B117/B186

The total curves so obtained, representing characteristic spectra of complex molecules, indicate the number and position of each absorption minimum and maximum. This method is proposed for the structural analysis of the components of bicyclic hydrocarbons. There are 4 figures.

HEREKENSTER ATTENTERSERETEN DE EN STEDEN DE STE

Figs. 1-4. Absorption spectra in the near ultraviolet.

Legend to Fig. 1: (1) 1,1-diphenyl ethane; (2) 1,2-diphenyl propane;
(a) isopropyl benzene; (3) 1,1-di-(4-isopropyl-phenyl)-hexane; (6) 1-methyl-4-isopropyl benzene.

Legend to Fig. 2: (4) 1,2-di-(paraxylyl)—propane; (a) 1,2,4-trimethyl benzene; (5) 1-phenyl-1-(paratolyl)-ethane; (6) 1-phenyl-1-(paraethyl-phenyl)-ethane; (6) isopropylbenzene + 1-methyl-4-isopropyl benzene.

Legend to Fig. 3: (7) 1-phenyl-1-(2,5-dimethyl-phenyl)-ethane; (8) 1-phenyl-1-(2,4,5-trimethyl-phenyl)-ethane; (9) 1-phenyl-1-(2,4,6-trimethyl-phenyl)-ethane; (a) isopropyl benzene + 1,2,4-trimethyl benzene; (10) 1-(paraxylyl)-2-hexyl-4-phenyl butane.

Card 2/6 2

L 49011-65 EWT(m)/EWP(j) Pc-4 RM

ACCESSION NR: AR5012257

UR/0058/65/000/003/D034/D034

SOURCE: Ref. zh. Fizika, Abs. 3D254

B

AUTHOR: Kusakov, M. M.; Niyazov, A. M.; Sidorenko, V. I.; Shimanko, N. A.; Shishkina, M. V.

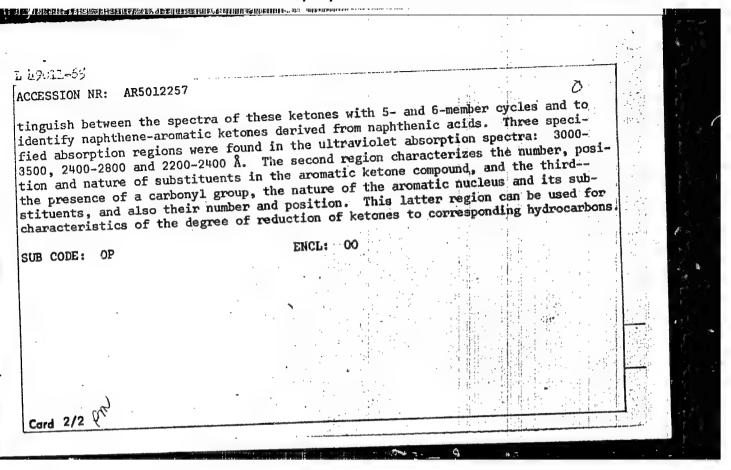
TITLE: Some properties of the infrared and ultraviolet absorption spectra of naphthene-aromatic ketones

CITED SOURCE: Tr. Komis. po spektroskopii. AN SSSR, vyp. 1, 1964, 370-381

TOPIC TAGS: ir absorption spectra, ultraviolet absorption spectra, naphthene aromatic ketone

TRANSLATION: It is shown that the frequency 1675 cm⁻¹ of the valent number for the carbonyl ketone group keeps its value when the 5-member caphthene cycle is changed to a 6-member cycle and during the injection of various numbers of alkyls into naphthene and benzene cyclic compounds. The carbonyl group affects the frequency of the deficiency number of C-H aromatic nuclei bonds. In the infrared absorption spectra a series of characteristic bands was found, which made it possible to dis-

Card 1/2



ACC NR: AP6031297

SOURCE CODE: UR/0366/66/002/009/1549/1553

AUTHOR: Nikitin, V. I.; Sidorenko, V. K.

ORG: Chomistry Institute, Academy of Sciences, Tadzhikskaya SSR (Institut khimii Akademii nauk Tadzhikskoy SSR)

TITIE: Tertiary trihydric alcohols of the acetylene and thylene series and their conversions. Part 33: Synthesis of acetylenic 1,2,5-glycerins containing a phenyl radical and of their chlorohydrins

SCURCE: Zhurnal organicheskoy khimii, v. 2, no. 9, 1966, 1549-1553

TOPIC TAGS: acetylene compound, chlorohydrin, glycerin

ABSTRACT: The study was undertaken in order to obtain acetylenic glycerins containing a phenyl radical and determine whether this has a substantial influence on the course of subsequent chemical conversions of such glycerins. The tritertiary acetylenic glycerins

 $\begin{array}{c} C_0H_5COH(CH_3)COH(CH_3)C \equiv CCOH(CH_3)_2\\ (I)\\ C_0H_5COH(CH_3)COH(CH_3)C \equiv CCOH(CH_3)C_2H_5\\ (II) \end{array}$

Card 1/3

UDC: 547.426.314.2+546.185*131

| | ACC NR: AP6031297 | 1 |
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| | (111) (1V) | 15-17 |
| , | wore synthesized by condensing methylphenylacetylcarbinol with the corresponding tertiary ethynylcarbinols. The glycerins are stable compounds; they can be distilled under reduced pressure and can be stored without appreciable change. Glycerins I-IV were then converted into the corresponding chlorohydrins by the action of phosphorus pentoxide, with which they reacted readily. The chlorohydrins formed were: | |
| | Cl | 8 |
| ; ; | $C_6H_5CCI(CH_3)CCI(CH_3)C\equiv CCCI(CH_3)_2$ $C_6H_5CCI(CH_3)CCI(CH_3)C\equiv C$ | * |
| - | $C_6H_5COH(CH_3)CCI(CH_3)C\equiv CCCI(CH_3)_3$ (1X) | #137 147 488 |
| - | $C_6H_5CCl(CH_3)CCl(CH_3)C\equiv CCCl(CH_3)C_2H_5$ (VII) $C_6H_6CC!(CH_3)CCl(CH_3)C\equiv C$ | |
| | $C_8H_6COH(CH_3)CCI(CH_3)C \equiv CCCI(CH_3)C_2H_8$ (VIII) CI | |
| | C ₄ H ₅ COH(CH ₅)COH(CH ₅)C≡C | |
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| | ACC NR: AP6031297 On hoating or prolonged storago, the chlorohydrins evo | lve hydrogen chloride, convert- |
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| | . 2/3 | |
| | Card 3/3 | 2 . A Maria man of the last |

SALISHCHEV, D.S.; FEDOTOV, V.P.; SIDORENKO, V.M., gornyy inzh.; PROTAS, N.T..

gornyy inzhener; NIKITIN, I.P., gornyy inzhener

"Improve the work of underground sections" by IA.D.Grossman, E.M.

Kozakov. Reviewed by D.S.Salishchev and others. Gor.zhur. no.5:

(MIRA 14.6)

1. Glavnyy inzhener Tashtagol'skogo zheleznogo rudnika (for Salishchev). 2. Nachal'nik otdela truda i zarabotnoy platy
Tashtagol'skogo zheleznogo rudnika (for Fedotov). 3. Shakhta
"Bol'shevik," Krivoy Rog (for Sidorenko). 4. Shakhta "Novaya"
rudoupravleniya imeni K.Libknekhta (for Protas). 5. Krivorozhskiy

(Mine engineering) (Mine management)

(Grossman, IA.D.) (Kozakov, E.M.)

and the state of t SIDORENKO

> 3/133/62/000/001/007/016 A054/A127

AUTH RO:

For injuncity, M. G., Brodskiy, I. I., Burikovskiy, V. N., <u>Grinsai's</u>, V. A., Bel'nik, T. I., <u>Bidorenko</u>, V. M., Engineers

TITLE

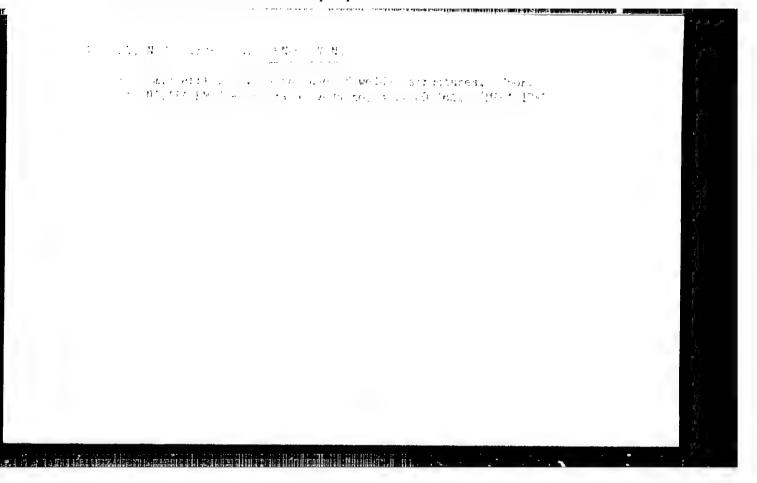
Prices un-type tube pushing and turning device on the automatic tube

ro ling mill

PERIODICAL: Stal', no. 1, 1952, 60 - 61

To replace the cranky progratic drive of the "140" automatic tupe rolling mill of the zavod im. Lenina (Plant im. Lenin) by a member more suitable for the automatic process, a new pushing and turning device has been developed at the Tsentral nava laboratoriya automatizatsii i mekhanizatsii Omepropetrivskogo Sovnarianoza (Central Laboratory of Automation and Mechanization of the Deepropotrovsk Sovnarkhoz) in cooperation with V. P. Veyevnik, Engineer, L. P. Kaniyba, Engineer, I. P. Ivanov, Engineer, Ye. B. Byutner, Engineer, L. I. Vitnov, Techmidden. The new device, which consists of Criction rollers, is mounted on the thent table of the mill, at 4,850 mm distance from the roll axis. The mechanism channes the tube onto the stand and turns it through 90° before the second pass. The pusher is controlled from the mill switchboard. The friction rollers are in

Card 1/2



Chemical Abst.

Vol. 48 Nol.9.

May 10, 1954

Biological Chemistry

SLUTSKIY, Aleksandr Borisovich; SIDORENKO, Valentina Pavlovna; KOPYLOVA, L.P., red.; SHADRINA, N.D., tekhn. red.

[Ukrainian trade unions after the victory of the Great October Revolution] Profsoiuzy Ukrainy posle pobedy Velikogo Oktiabria.

Moskva, Izd-vo VTsSPS, 1961. 262 p. (MIRA 14:10)

(Ukraine-Trade unions)

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 03/14/2001 CIA-RDP86-00513R001550430005-8"

SUBJECT:

USSR/Luminescence

48-3-25/26

AUTHORS:

Kazarnovskiy D.M. and Sidorenko V.P.

TITLE:

Application of Ferroelectrics in Frequency Multipliers (Primeneniye segnetoelektrikov v umnoshitelyakh chastoty)

PERIODICAL:

Izvestiya Akademii Nauk SSSR, Seriya fizicheskaya, 1957, Vol 21,

#3, pp 455-465 (USSR)

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ABSTRACT:

An investigation was carried out in order to find out the basic properties of ferroelectric frequency changers for the three-phase current.

A ferroelectric condenser containing barium titanate with an addition of tin oxide, "Varikond VK1", was used as a main nonlinear element, because only such ferroelectric condensers are manufactured by the radiotechnical industry.

Conclusions drawn from this investigation are:

1. That the properties belonging to the basic characteristics of ferroelectric condensers for frequency changers are: voltage- and temperature-dependences of the current I_n of the required harmonic, coefficient of the harmonic of current Kn

Card 1/5

TITLE:

48-3-25/26

Application of Ferroelectrics in Frequency Multipliers (Primenentye segnetoelektrikov v umnozhitelyakh chastoty)

and losses in the condenser Pa.

For one VK1-4 condenser in the open air, being under sinusoidal voltage of 200 v and a frequency of 500 cycles/sec, the following values were round:

ving values were found:

$$1_3 \leqslant 22 \text{ mA}; K_3 \leqslant 0.55; \text{ and } P_a \leqslant 1.7 \text{ w } (tg \delta_{\phi\phi} = 0.2).$$

2. That the percentage of currents of higher harmonics can be very significant in the circuits with inductance due to partial resonances. For a condenser placed in oil, under the same conditions as above, the following values were found: $I_3 \leqslant 65$ mA; $K_3 \leqslant 1.74$. The magnitude of inductance I_{13} max

corresponding to the peak current of the third harmonic I max, increases almost linearly with the rise in voltage.

3. That in the proposed frequency changer it is possible to achieve that the equivalent inductance decreases with the increase, within certain limits, of inductive load with $\cos\varphi_3=0.6,\ldots,0.8$, continuing to be larger than L₁₃ ; max

Card 2/5

TITLE:

48-3-25/26
Application of Ferroelectrics in Frequency Multipliers (Primereniye segnetoelektrikov v umnozhitelyakh chastoty)

under these conditions, the voltage of the tripled frequency remains constant with a varying load. The limiting power remains constant with a varying load. The limiting power of the tripled frequency rises with the voltage increase and of the tripled frequency rises. Under conditions of the decreases with the temperature rise. Under conditions of the experiment, the limiting power of one phase, in the case of experiment, the limiting power of one phase, in the case of three VK1-4 condensers connected in a triangle, at 25°C and three VK1-4 condensers connected in a triangle, at 25°C and three VK1-4 condensers connected in a triangle of the triple open air and 4.3 w for those is oil. The voltage of the triple of frequency has a sinusoidal shape for all loads below the limiting power.

- 4. That the control of voltage and power, within the range of loads not exceeding the limiting power, is possible by means of a reactive shunt. The effect of the surrounding temperature on the voltage and output power can be compensated to a considerable degree.
- 5. That the dependence of the efficiency factor on the current of a load has a maximum which shifts with the change of temperature. The efficiency factor rises when the reactive shunt is switched in, but its value did not exceed 0.6 under conditions of the experiment.

Card 3/5

TITLE:

48-3-25/26 Application of Ferroelectrics in Prequency Multipliers (Primeneniye segnetoelektrikov v umnozhitelyakh chastoty)

6. That the power factor of the frequency changer depends on the character and magnitude of the applied load and voltage.

The frequency changer consumes capacitance current and has the value of $\cos \varphi_{\text{input}} \leqslant 0.17$; its switching into a network is accompanied with the compensation of inductive current and results in the power factor rise in the network.

- 7. That an increase in the limiting power of a frequency changer and its efficiency factor is possible when ferroelectric condensers with higher qualities and electric strength are applied.
- 8. That the next problem in this field is production of oil-cooled ferroelectric condensers possessing a capacitance of a few microfarads with lowered losses, a higher electric strength at alternating current, and the same level of harmonics percentage in the current curve.

Card 4/5

The article contains 13 figures and 1 table. The bibliography lists 6 references, all Slavic (Russian).

48-3-25/20

TITLE:

Application of Ferroelectrics in Frequency Multipliers (Pri-

meneniye segnetoelektrikov v umnozhitelyakh chastoty)

INSTITUTION: Not indicated

PRESENTED BY:

SUBMITTED:

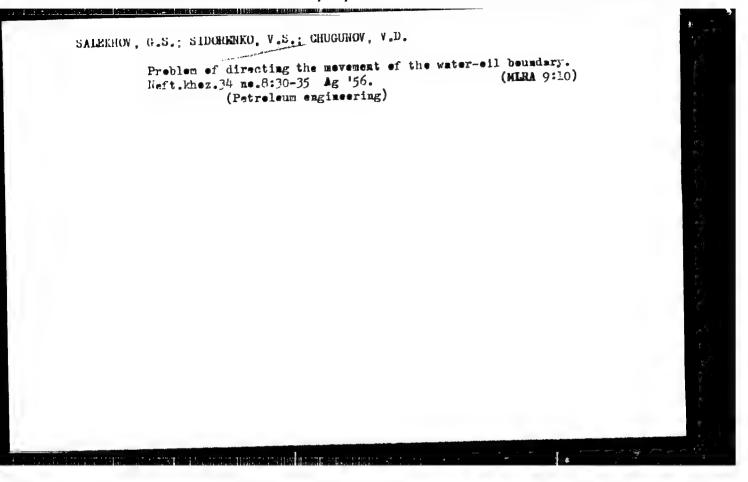
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AVAILABLE:

At the Library of Congress.

Card 5/5

1353125 ٠٠٠٠ و ١٠٠٠ و ١٠٠٠ م Sep 1947 USER/Ingineering Ingines Waves, Ocean "New Wave Engine," V. S. Sidorenko, 32 pp "Dok Akad Nauk SSSR, Nova Ser" Vol LVII, No 9 Describes model "wave turbine" made in laboratory (scale 1:50). "Wave turbine" utilizes surges of sea to transmit emergy by a system of trunnions, blocks, and tackle. States that scale model able to lift 1,722-gram weight distance of one meter in 24 seconds. After compensating for friction, actual load weight only 823 grams. Submitted by Academician A. V. Vinter, 17 Mar 1947. 53728



Calculation of the energy of an oil layer. Trudy Giprovostoknefti no.5:118-124 '62. (MIRA 16:8)

(Oil field flooding)

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 03/14/2001

CIA-RDP86-00513R001550430005-8

TKACH, V.K.; SIDORKNKO, V.S.

Distribution of luminescent ultraviolet rays in photarium. Gig. annt., Poskva no. 1:26-27 Jan 1953. (CLML 24:2)

1. Of the Laboratory of Ultraviolet Radiation of the Ukrainian Institute of Labor Hygiene and Occupational Diseases.

SIDORENKO, V.S. (Khar'kov)

Hematocrit mixer for determining the size of erythrocytes. Vrsch.
delo no.6:645 Je '57. (MIRA 10:8)

1. Laboratoriya fiziologii truda Ukrainskogo instituta gigiyeny
truda i profesatonal'nykh zabolavaniy
(ERYTHROCYTES) (PHYSIOLOGICAL APPARATUS)

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 03/14/2001 CIA-RDP86-00513R001550430005-8"

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 03/14/2001

CIA-RDP86-00513R001550430005-8

SIDORENKO, V.T., inzh.

Blast and hydraulic testing of a setroleum products pipeline.

Blast and hydraulic testing of a setroleum products pipeline.

MIRA 15:9)

Stroi. truboprov. 7 no.8:18-19 Ag '62.

1. Stroitel'nyy uchastok No.7 Svarochno-montazhnogo tresta,

Voronezh.

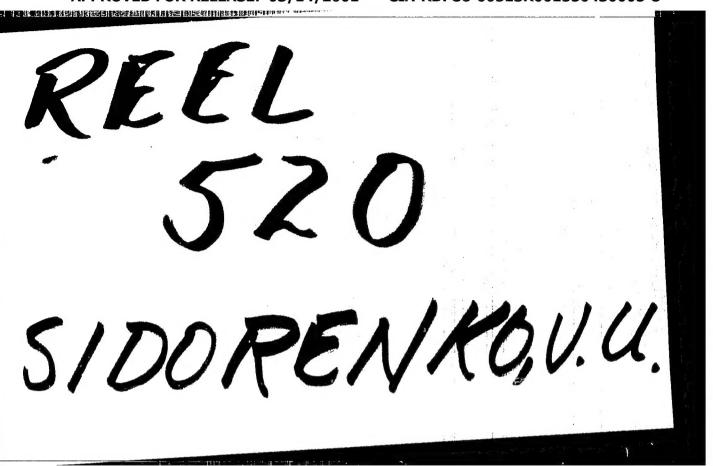
(Petroleum products---Pipelines)

- 1. SIDORENKO, V.U.
- 2. USSR (600)
- 4. Founding
- 7. Casting blocks by using metal cores. Lit. proiz. no. 10, 1952.

9. Monthly List of Russian Accessions, Library of Congress, February 1953. Unclassified.

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 03/14/2001

CIA-RDP86-00513R001550430005-8



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CIA-RDP86-00513R001550430005-8

